LIST OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Previously Presented) An apparatus usable with a well to connect a first tubing section and a second tubing section together, the apparatus comprising:
 - a body comprising:
 - a first surface;
 - a first opening concentric with an axis to receive the first tubing section;
 - a second opening concentric with the axis to receive the second tubing section;

and

a passageway eccentric with respect to the axis to communicate fluid after the first and second tubing sections are connected together by the body;

a sleeve adapted to be moved from a retracted position to an extended position, the sleeve comprising a second surface; and

a sealing element to form a sealing contact with the first surface of the body and with the second surface of the sleeve when the sleeve is in the extended position.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
- a first production tubing section that is formed at least in part by the first tubing section and a second production tubing section that is formed at least in part by the second tubing section.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
 a first injection tubing section that is formed at least in part by the first tubing section and
 a second injection tubing section that is formed at least in part by the second tubing section.
 - 4. (Cancelled)
- 5. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the sleeve is adapted to slide between the retracted position and the extended position.

6. (Cancelled)

7. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a tubular member comprising another passageway adapted to align with the passageway of the body of the connector such that a gap exists between the passageway of the body and said another passageway when both the first and second tubing sections are fully received in the first and second openings and the sleeve is in the retracted position, wherein

the sleeve is adapted to be moved to the extended position to bridge the gap.

8.-10. (Cancelled)

- 11. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the body of the connector is formed from a single piece of material.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first opening comprises a tapered opening to receive the first tubing section.

13.-15. (Cancelled)

16. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the sealing element is substantially parallel to the axis.

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the sleeve comprises: a cylindrical portion that has an axis that is substantially parallel to the axis that is concentric with the first opening; and

an annular face that radially extends inwardly from the cylindrical section and into the gap.

19.-21. (Cancelled)

22. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the member is eccentric with respect to the axis.

23.-96. (Cancelled)

- 97. (Previously Presented) An connector assembly usable with a well, comprising: a first body comprising:
 - a first opening concentric with an axis to receive a first tubing section,
 - a second opening concentric with the axis to receive a second tubing section, and
- a passageway eccentric with respect to the axis to communicate fluid after the first and second tubing sections are connected together by the first body; and

a second body connected to the second tubing section and comprising another passageway coaxial with the passageway of the first body, the second body comprising a first surface;

a sleeve mounted on the second body adapted to be moved from a retracted position to an extended position, the sleeve comprising a second surface; and

a sealing element to form a sealing contact with the first surface of the body and with the second surface of the sleeve when the sleeve is in the extended position.

98. (Previously Presented) The connector assembly of claim 97, wherein a gap exists between the passageway of the body and said another passageway when both the first and second tubing sections are fully received in the first and second openings and the sleeve is in the retracted position, and

the sleeve is adapted to move to the extended position to bridge the gap.

- 99. (Previously Presented) The connector assembly of claim 97, wherein each of the first and second bodies are formed from a single piece of material.
- 100. (Previously Presented) The connector assembly of claim 97, wherein at least one of the first and second openings comprises a tapered opening.
- 101. (Withdrawn) A method usable with a well, comprising:

 providing a body to connect a first tubing section and a second tubing section together;

 providing a first opening in the body to receive the first tubing section, the first opening being concentric with an axis;

providing a second opening in the body to receive the second tubing section, the second opening being concentric with the axis;

providing a passageway in the body which is eccentric with respect to the axis to communicate fluid after the first and second tubing sections are connected together by the body; and

providing a sleeve adapted to be moved from a retracted position to an extended position; and

forming a sealed connection between a surface of the sleeve and a surface of the body when the sleeve is in the extended position.

102. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 101, further comprising:

providing a production tubing section that forms at least part of the first tubing section;

providing a second production tubing section that forms at least part of the second tubing section; and

communicating produced well fluid through the first and second production tubing sections.

103. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 101, further comprising:

providing a first injection tubing section that forms at least part of the first tubing section;

providing a second injection tubing section that forms at least part of the second tubing
section; and

Communicating fluid injected into the well through the first and second injection tubing sections.

- 104. (Cancelled)
- 105. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 101, wherein

a gap exists between the passageway of the body and another passageway when both the first and second tubing sections are fully received in the first and second openings and the sleeve is in the retracted position, the method further comprising:

bridging the gap, including moving the sleeve to the extended position.